JBoss Portal Tools Reference Guide

Version: 1.0.1.GA

1. Introduction	1
1.1. Preface	1
1.2. Key Features	. 1
1.3. Other relevant resources on the topic	1
2. Installation issues	3
3. Starting the Project with JBoss Portal	5
3.1. Creating a Dynamic Web Project	5
3.2. The Project Structure Overview	19
3.3. Adding a Java Portlet to the Project	20
3.4. Deploying a Portlet to JBoss Portal	
4. Creating JSF Portlet	29
4.1. Adding JSF Portlet to Dynamic Web Project	29
4.2. Adding JSF Portlet to JSF Project	35
5. Creating Seam Portlet	
5.1. Adding Seam Portlet to Dynamic Web Project	41
5.2. Adding Seam Portlet to Seam Project	
6. Adding Portlets to non-WTP Projects	

Introduction

Starting from 3.0.0.Alpha1 version, JBoss set of plugins extends JBoss Portal features. Thus, this guide is intended to explain you how to manage the functionality JBoss Tools provide to ease the development with JBoss Portal.

1.1. Preface

JBoss Portal provides an open source platform for hosting and serving a portal's Web interface, publishing and managing its content, and customizing its experience. It supports a wide range of features, including standard portlets, single sign-on, clustering, and internationalization.

1.2. Key Features

The next table lists key features supplied by JBoss Portal Tools.

Table 1.1. Key Functionality of JBoss Portal Tools

Feature	Benefit	Chapter
Wizards for creating Projects with Portlet Facets	New Dynamic Web Project wizard allows you to select a proper Configuration to enable Portlet Facet in it.	Creating a Dynamic Web Project
Create Java Portlet wizard	The wizard enables creating a JSR-186/JSR-286 compliant portlet.	Adding Java Portlet to a project
Create JSF/Seam Portlet wizard	This wizard allows to create JSF/Seam portlets	Creating JSF Portlet Creating Seam Portlet

1.3. Other relevant resources on the topic

- <u>JBoss Portal Home Page</u> [http://www.jboss.org/jbossportal/]
- JBoss Portal Wiki [http://wiki.jboss.org/wiki/JBossPortal]
- JBoss Tools Home Page [http://www.jboss.org/tools/]
- <u>JBoss Tools Forum</u> [http://www.jboss.com/index.html?module=bb&op=viewforum&f=201]

Chapter 1. Introduction

- <u>The latest JBossTools/JBDS documentation builds</u> [http://download.jboss.org/jbosstools/nightly-docs/]
- <u>Stable JBossTools/JBDS documentation</u> [http://www.jboss.com/products/devstudio/docs] (supplied with the latest JBDS release, 1.1.0 GA currently)

Installation issues

This section provides you with the steps on how to start with JBoss Portal and integrated features using JBoss Tools.

• First, you need to have Eclipse Ganymede with JBoss Tools 3.0.0.Alpha1 and higher installed.



Tip:

Read <u>JBoss Tools Installation</u> [../../GettingStartedGuide/html_single/index.html#JBossToolsInstall] section in our Getting Started documentation to find out how to install <u>JBoss Tools</u> onto Eclipse.

Next, download the JBoss Portal + JBoss AS bundle from <u>JBoss Portal Download page</u> [http://www.jboss.org/jbossportal/download/index.html]



Note:

You need JBoss Portal 2.7 if you want to work with a Portlet 2.0

• Extract the bundle wherever you want on your hard drive

Now, when you have it installed, we are going to demonstrate some powerful features of JBoss Portal tooling for Eclipse.

Starting the Project with JBoss Portal

To get started with JBoss Portal and JBoss Tools, you should first have a Web Project pointed to the JBoss Portal Runtime. Thus, in this chapter we are going to show you how to create a Dynamic Web Project, add Java Portlet to it and deploy it to the JBoss Portal.

3.1. Creating a Dynamic Web Project

To create a Dynamic Web Project, go to *File > New > Dynamic Web Project* if you are in the Web Perspective or File > New > Other > Web > Dynamic Web Project in any other Perspective. The first page of the New Dynamic Web Project wizard looks as follows.

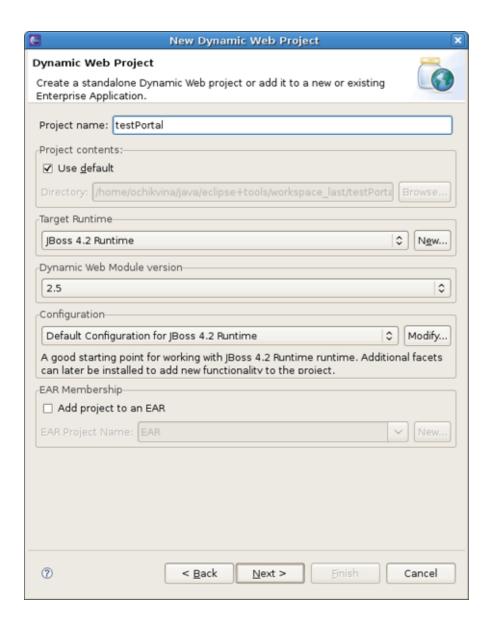


Figure 3.1. New Dynamic Web Project

Fill out the name of your project. Next, click the *New* button in the *Target Runtime* section to specify a new Target Runtime. Choose *JBoss Community > JBoss 4.2 Runtime* and select the *Create a new local server* checkbox. Click *Next*.

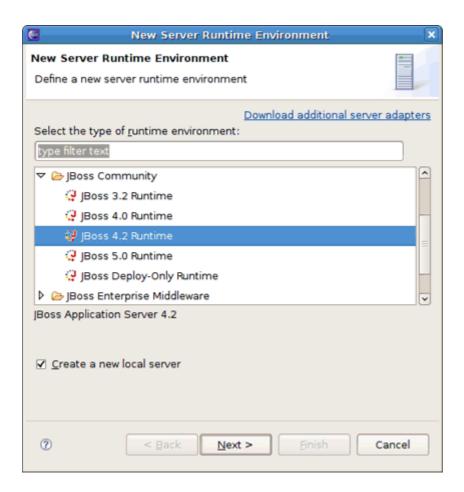


Figure 3.2. New Server Runtime

On the next page you should give a name to the runtime. Let's call it *JBoss Portal 2.7 Runtime*, and then point it to the location of your JBoss AS + Portal installation.

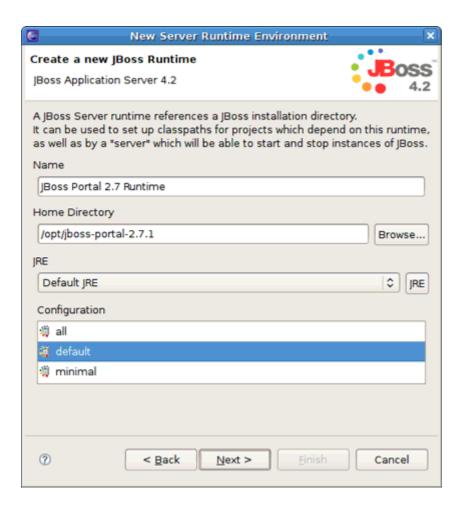
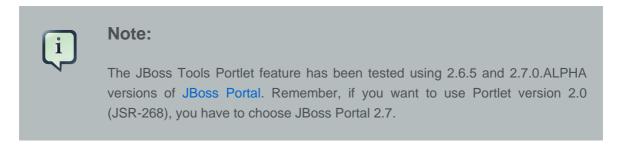


Figure 3.3. New Server Runtime Environment



At this point a new JBoss Server instance will be created. Here you can verify the defined runtime information. If something is incorrect, press *Back* to return on the previous wizard page.

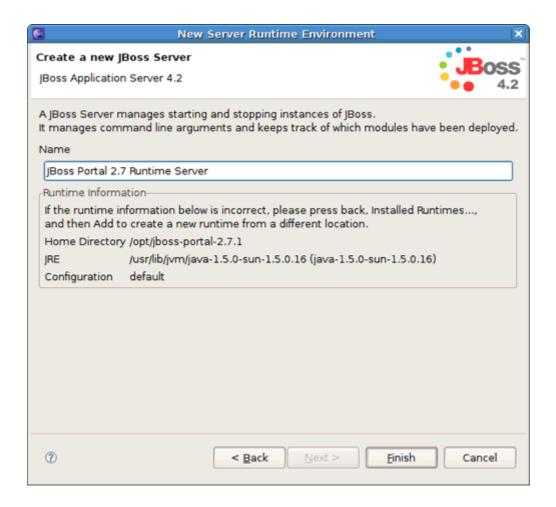


Figure 3.4. Target Server

Click Finish.

On the next step you should click the *Modify* button next to the Configuration section to enable Portlet Facets for the project.

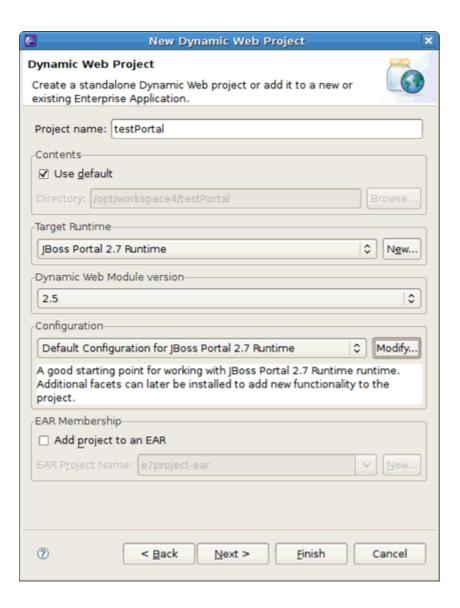


Figure 3.5. Setting the Project Configuration

On this page you should check the JBoss Core Portlet and press OK.

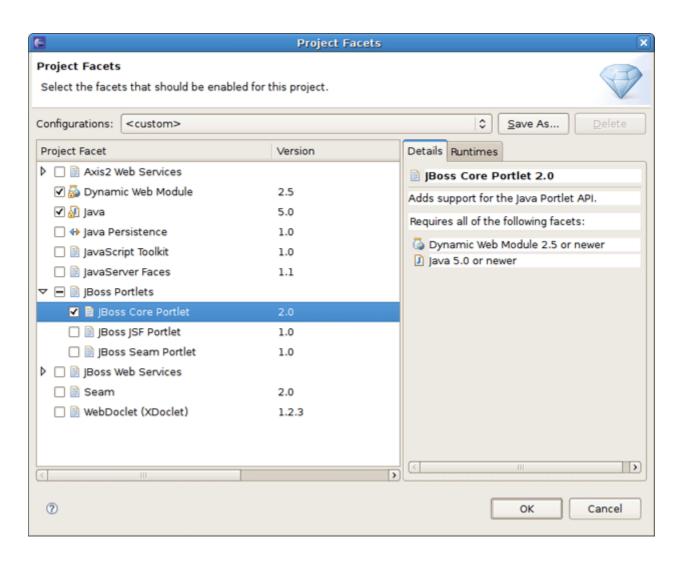


Figure 3.6. Enabling the Portlet Facet



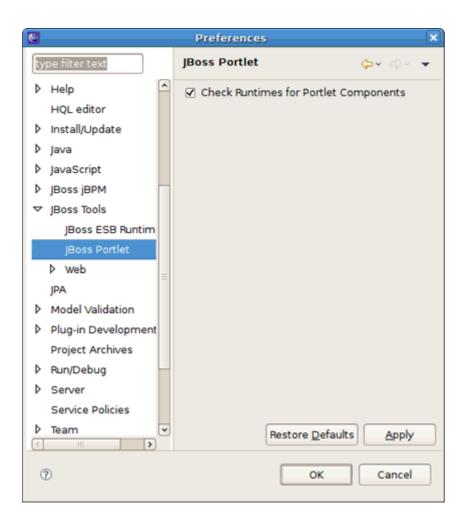


Figure 3.7. JBoss Runtime Preferences

The next page is for configuring web modules. Here all values are set, so you can leave everything as it is.

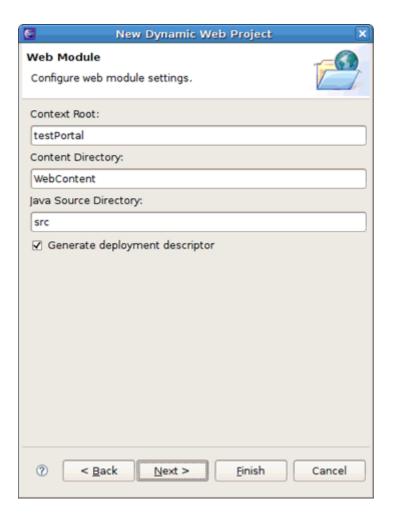


Figure 3.8. The Project Web Modules

Finally, the last wizard page will ask you to add JBoss Portlet capabilities to your project. Here you can choose whether to set up user libraries, libraries provided by server runtime or not include libraries at all.

• To set up server runtime libraries, you need to select *Libraries provided by server runtime* in the list box.

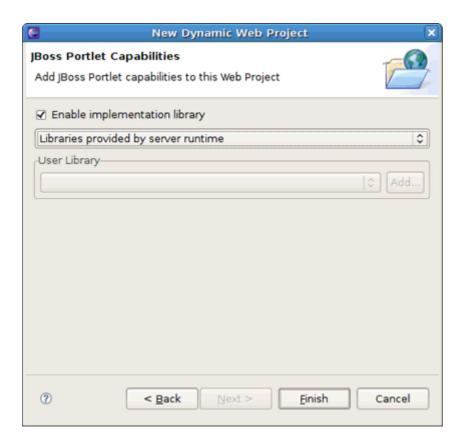


Figure 3.9. Including Server Runtime Libraries

• For setting up user libraries, select *User library* in the list box and then press *Add* in the *User Library* section.

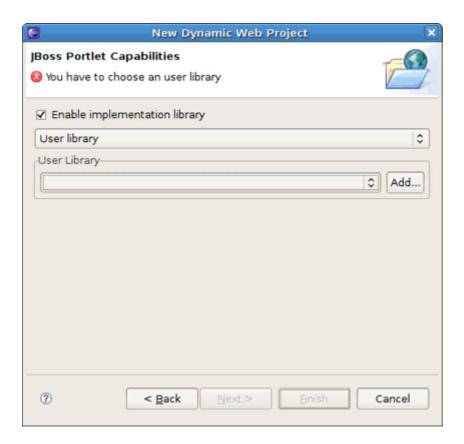


Figure 3.10. Adding User Library

Then press *New* and type the user library name in the appeared dialog.

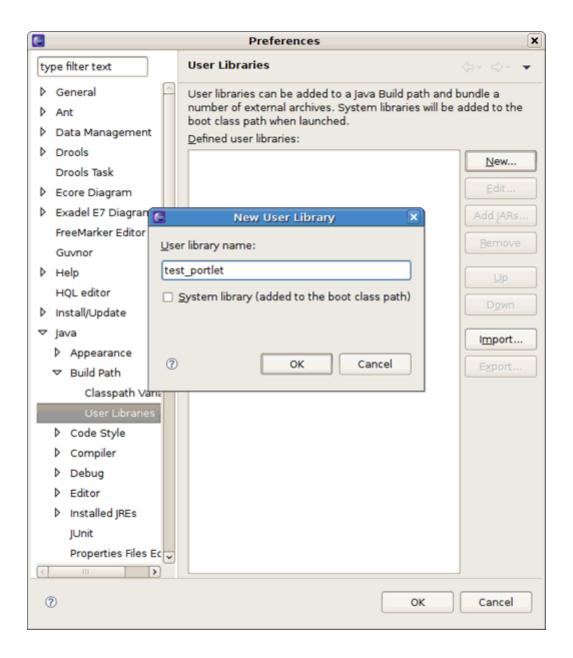


Figure 3.11. Adding User Library

Next add necessary jar's.

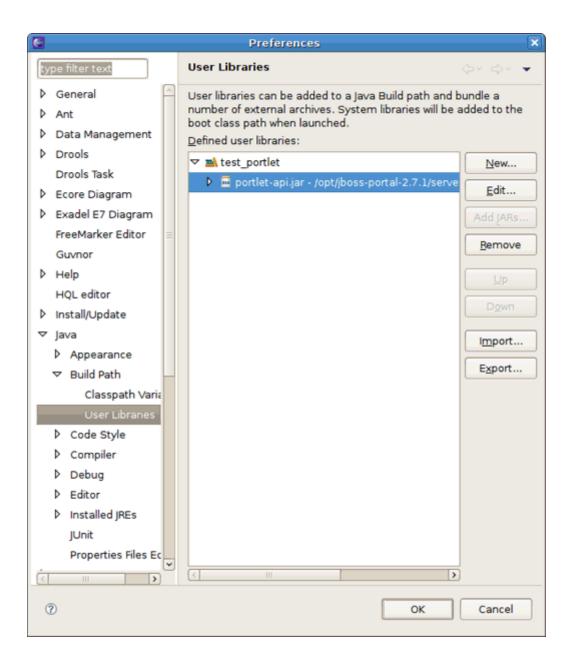


Figure 3.12. Adding the Portlet API Jar

Hit OK. The user library will be added.

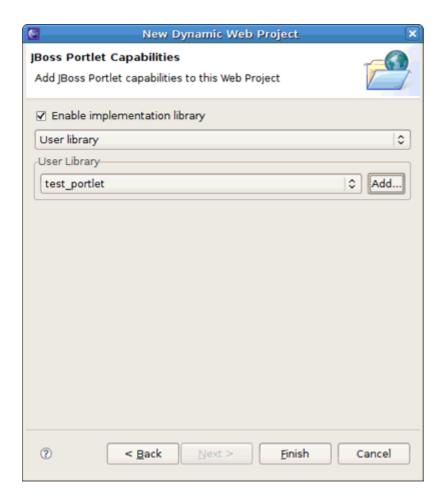


Figure 3.13. User Library Added

• If you don't need to include libraries at all, just deselect the *Enable implementation library* checkbox.

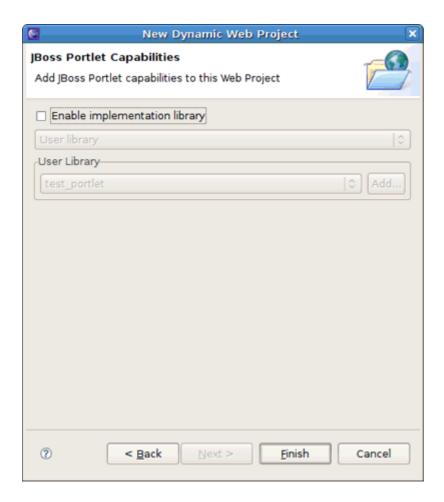


Figure 3.14. Disabling Implementation Libraries

After setting JBoss Portlet capabilities press Finish.

That's it! Our base project is done.

3.2. The Project Structure Overview

Now, let's look at the structure of the just created project.

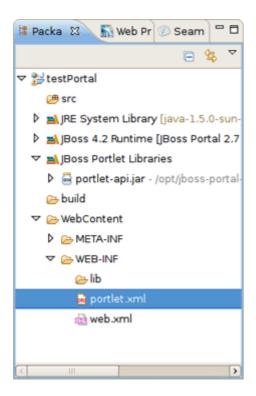


Figure 3.15. The Project Structure Overview

Here JBoos Tools added JBoss Portlet facet to the project, created an empty *portlet.xml* file and added the Portlet library to the project classpath.

3.3. Adding a Java Portlet to the Project

At this point we'll show what the steps you need to proceed to add a new Java Portlet to the project.

Call the Create Portlet wizard by selecting New > Other > JBoss Tools Web > Portlet > Java Portlet.

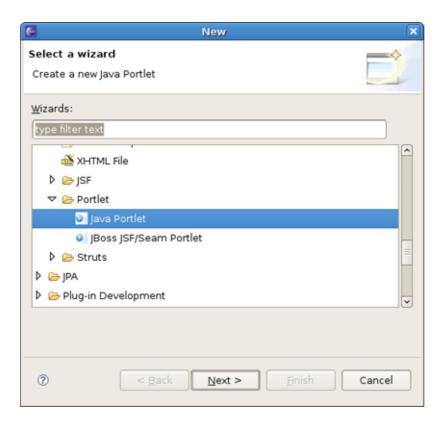


Figure 3.16. New Java Portlet

The wizard fills in the Web Project and Source Folder fields for you. Then you need to specify the Java package and the Class name and click Next.



Figure 3.17. Specifying Class File Destination

On the other page you will be able to set the display name of the Portlet, a title, a description, the supported modes and init parameters.

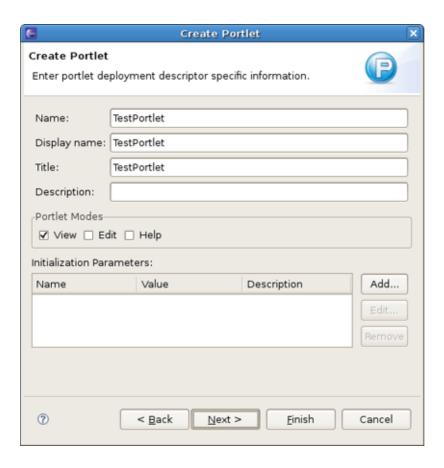


Figure 3.18. Specifying Class File Destination

On the next screen you can define which methods from *GenericPortlet* you want to override.

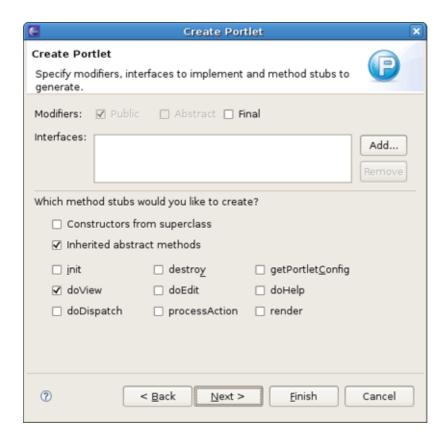


Figure 3.19. Specifying Class File Destination

The last screen lets you build JBoss Portal specific descriptors to create an instance during the deployment and place it directly on the Portal.

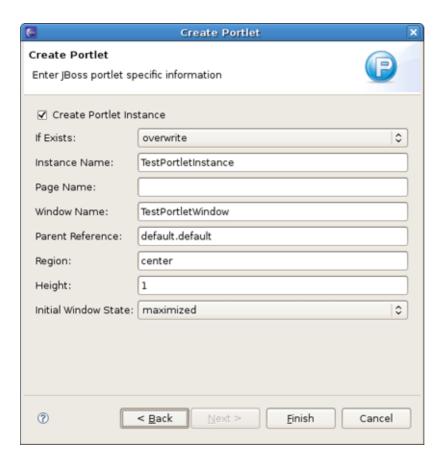


Figure 3.20. Specifying Class File Destination



Once Java Portlet is created, new resources have been added to the project structure. As you can see on the figure below, it adds a Java Portlet class (*TestPortlet.java* in our case), *default-object.xml* and *portlet-instances.xml* files and updates *portlet.xml* as well.

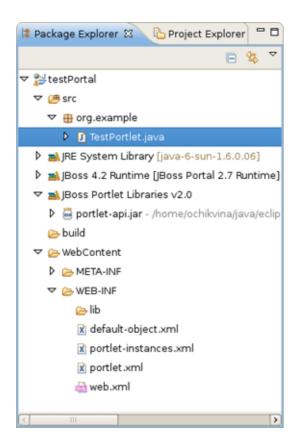


Figure 3.21. The structure of Web Project with Java Portlet created

Thus, now the Project is ready to be built and deployed.

3.4. Deploying a Portlet to JBoss Portal

You can deploy the created project in the way you deploy any other Web Application. Right click on the project and do *Run As > Run On Server* and accept the defaults. On the *Add and Remove Projects* page move the created Project to the right and click *Finish*.

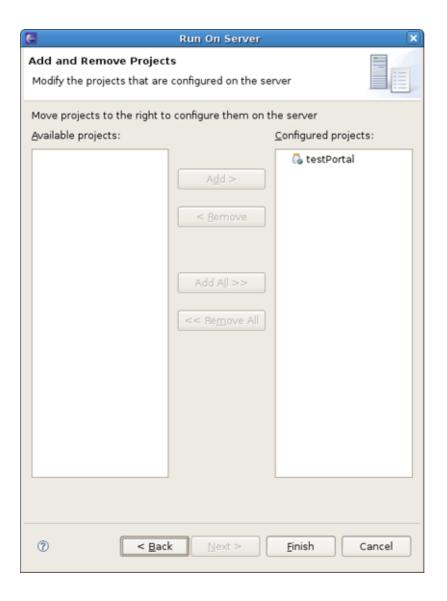


Figure 3.22. Deploying the Portlet Application

It will deploy the Portlet Web Application and start JBoss AS.



In the Browser the Portlet looks as follows:

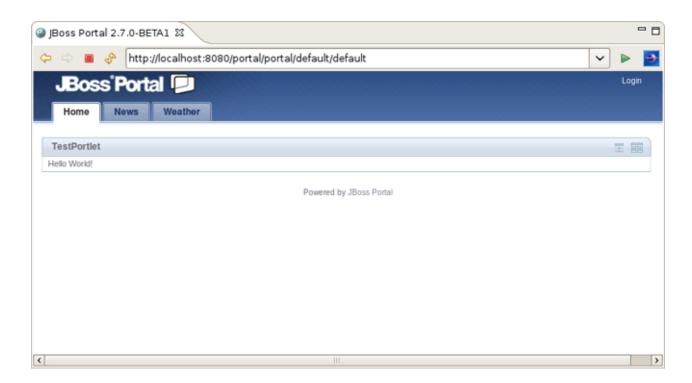


Figure 3.23. Java Portlet in the Browser Window

Consequently, here you learnt how to create a Dynamic Web Project, add Java Portlet to it and deploy the project to JBoss Portal.

Creating JSF Portlet

This chapter will explain how you can configure JSF Portlet within Dynamic Web Project and JSF Project by using the wizards JBoss Tools provides.

4.1. Adding JSF Portlet to Dynamic Web Project

To add JSF Portlet to a Dynamic Web Project, you should set the Configuration to *JavaServer Faces v1.1 Project* or *JavaServer Faces v1.2 Project* and configure the JSF Portlet Facets in the New Dynamic Web Project wizard by clicking the *Modify* button.

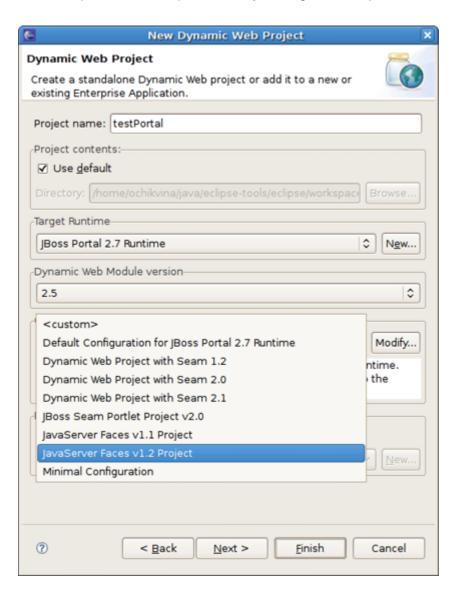


Figure 4.1. Setting the JSF Configuration

On the Project Facets dialog you should select JBoss Core Portlet and JBoss JSF Portlet check boxes.

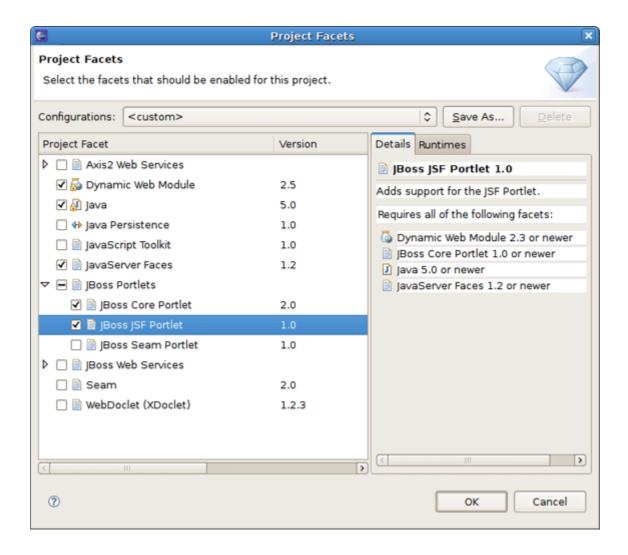


Figure 4.2. Enabling the Portlet Facets

Next wizard page is for configuring JSF Capabilities. You can leave everything as it is here.

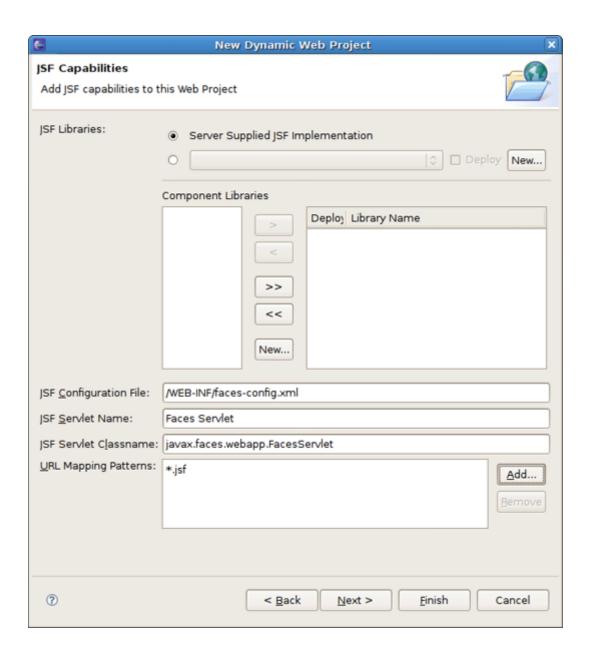


Figure 4.3. JSF Capabilities

To support Portlets in JSF/Seam applications JBoss Tools works with JBoss Portlet Bridge. Thus on the next page you should add JSF Portlet capabilities by pointing to the Portletbridge Runtime location.

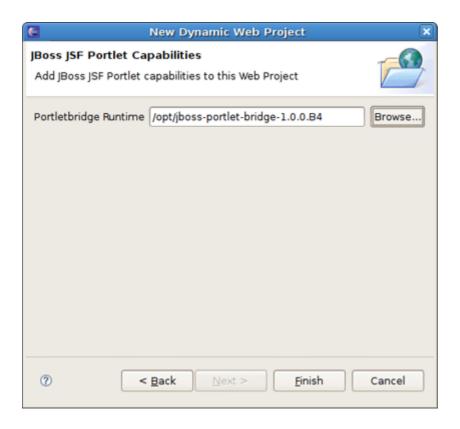


Figure 4.4. JSF Capabilities



Next click *Finish* to organize the Project.

To add JSF Portlet to generated project you should call the Create Portlet wizard by navigating to New > Other > JBoss Tools Web > Portlet > JSF/Seam Portlet.

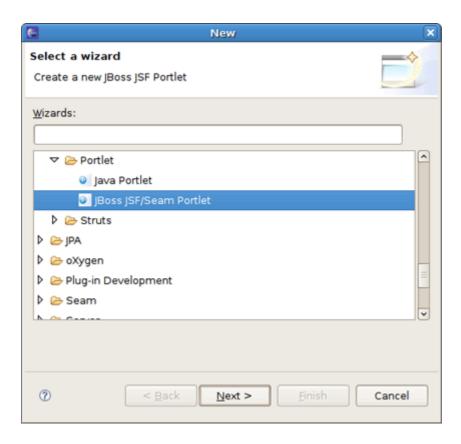


Figure 4.5. Calling New Portlet Wizard

As you see, the Seam and JSF Portlet wizards are merged into one. We set JSF Configuration for the project, so default values in this wizard will be set as for a JSF portlet.

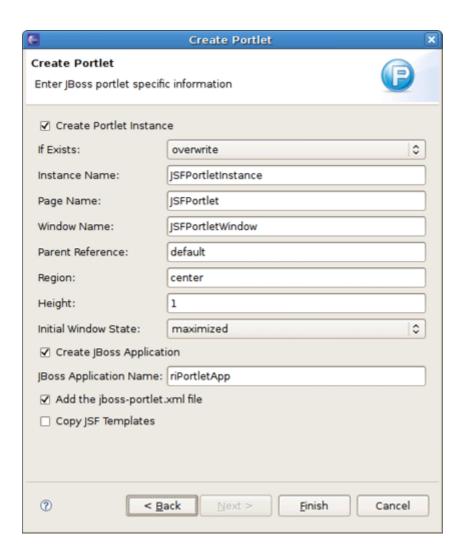


Figure 4.6. Creating JSF Portlet

Click *Finish* to complete JSF Portlet creation. Now you can deploy the project the same way as it was *described above*.

In the Browser JSF Portlet looks as follows.

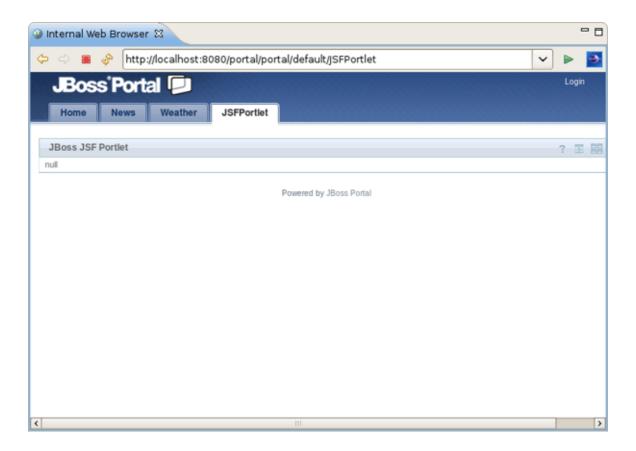


Figure 4.7. JSF Portlet in the Browser

4.2. Adding JSF Portlet to JSF Project

How to organize a JSF Project you can find out in our <u>JSF Tools Reference Guide</u> [../../jsf_tools_ref_guide/html_single/index.html#new_jsf_project]. Just remember to point Target Runtime to JBoss Portal directory location.

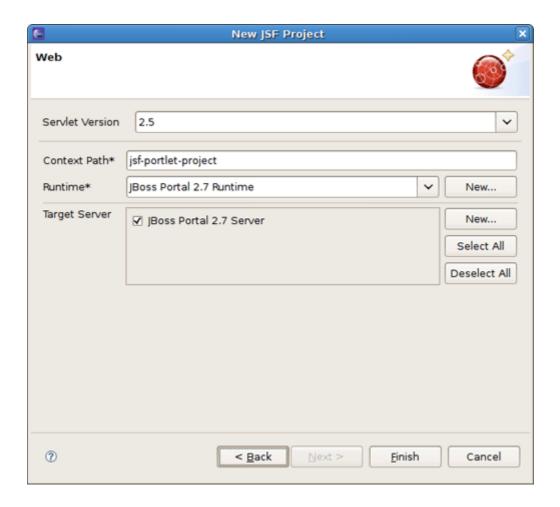


Figure 4.8. Creating New JSF Project

Before adding a Portlet to the project you should enable necessary facets for it. Right-click the created project and click *Preferences* to open the Project Preferences screen.

On the Project Facets page select the *JBoss Core Portlet* and *JBoss JSF Portlet* checkboxes. And then the screen will ask you to enable *JavaServer Faces* facet as well.

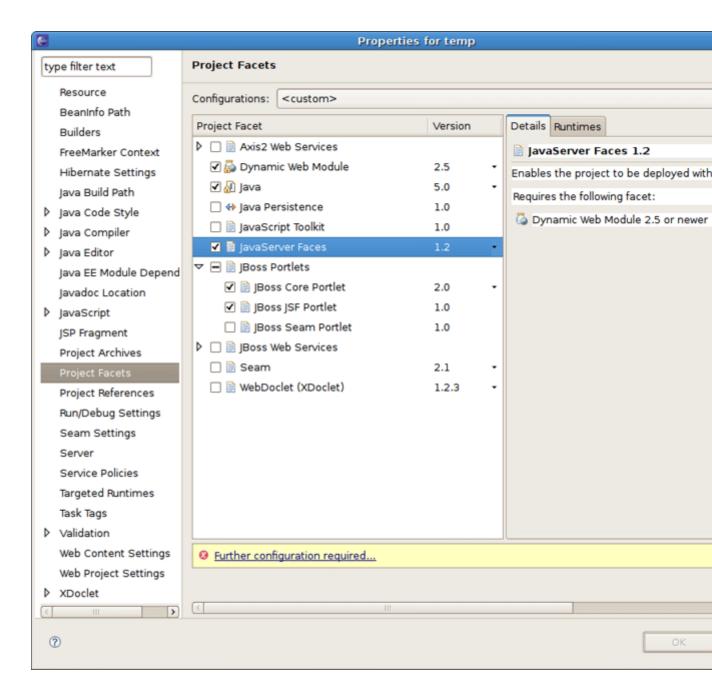


Figure 4.9. Project Facets

Notice, "Further configuration required..." warning appears at the bottom of the screen. It means that you should click it to configure JSF and JSF Portlet Capabilities in the project.

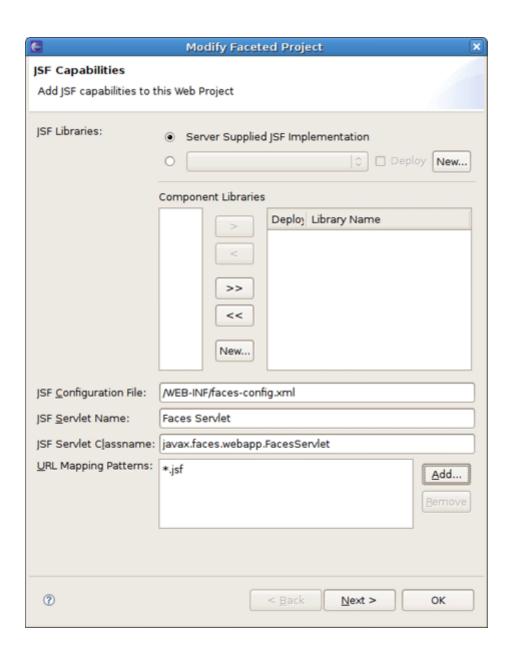


Figure 4.10. JSF Capabilities

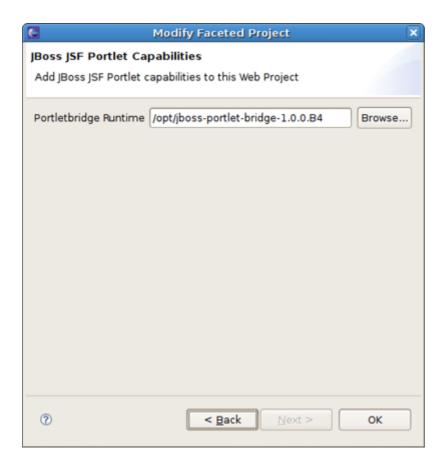


Figure 4.11. Project Facets

After setting the path to Portletbridge Runtime location, click *OK* and then *OK* again.

Now you can add JSF Portlet to the generated JSF Project. How to do it we showed in *the previous* section [32].

Creating Seam Portlet

This chapter covers the steps on how to configure Seam Portlet within Dynamic Web Project and Seam Project by using the wizards JBoss Tools provides.

5.1. Adding Seam Portlet to Dynamic Web Project

To add Seam Portlet to a Dynamic Web Project first you should organize New Dynamic Web Project with the Configuration setting to JBoss Seam Portlet Project v2.0.



Figure 5.1. Calling New Portlet Wizard

It will add all needed facets to your project. By clicking the *Modify* button you can observe the chosen configuration of facets as well as modify it. As you can see, all JBoss Portlets are checked.

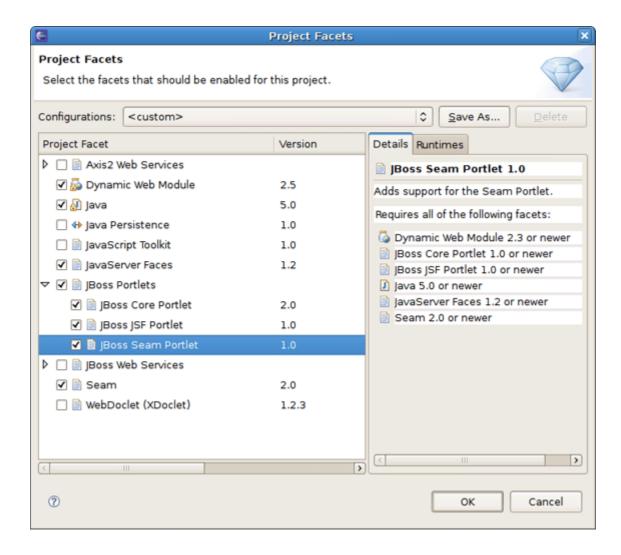


Figure 5.2. Project Facets

Next wizard pages are for adjusting the Project Web Modules and JSF Configuration. They include default values, so you can skip them by pressing *Next*.

On the Seam Facet page <u>set Connection Profile</u> [../../seam/html_single/index.html#seamFacet] and hit *Next*.

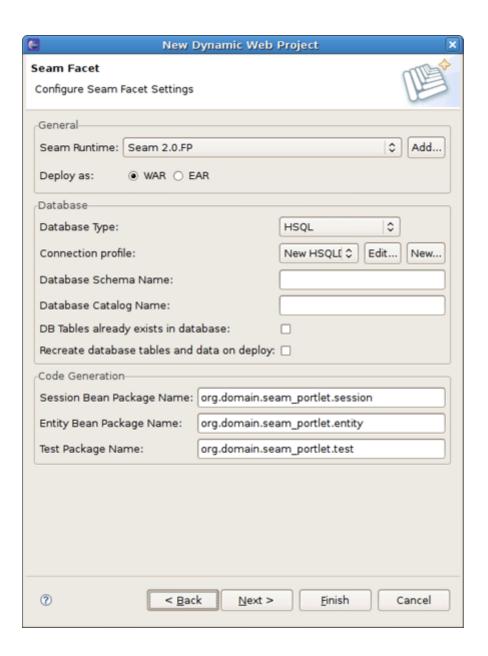


Figure 5.3. Seam Facet Settings

Last wizard page will prompt you to set the path to Portletbridge Runtime location.

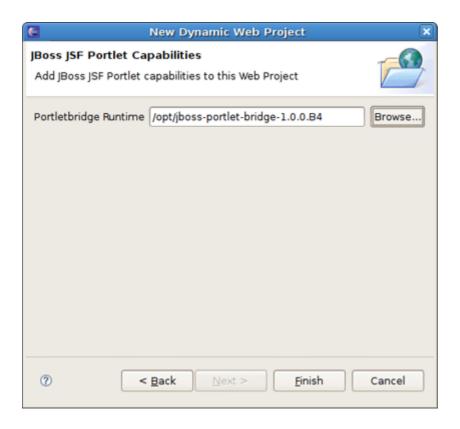


Figure 5.4. Setting the Portletbridge Runtime



Now, to add Seam Portlet to the project you should follow to New > Other > JBoss Tools Web > Portlet > JSF/Seam Portlet. This will call the wizard for creating JSF/Seam Portlets.

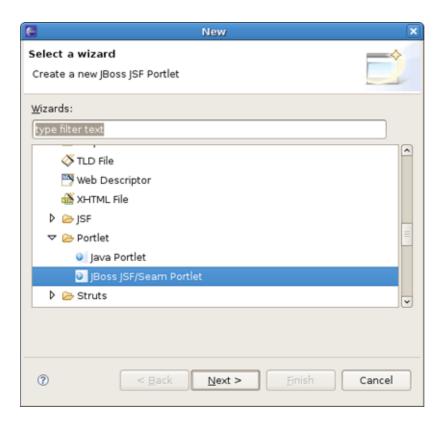


Figure 5.5. Calling the Create Portlet Wizard

As we set Seam Configuration for the Dynamic Web Project, the wizard puts the values as for Seam Portlet.

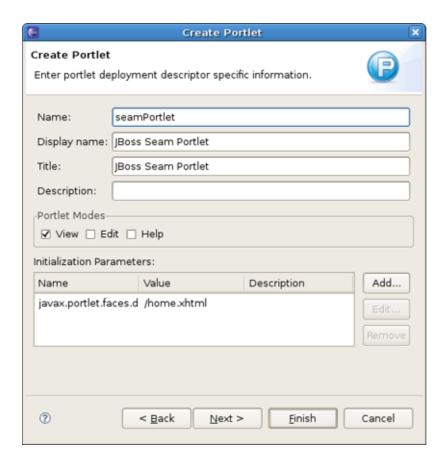


Figure 5.6. Creating Seam Portlet

After creating the Seam Portlet, you should <u>deploy the project to JBoss Portal</u> and start the Server. In a Browser you'll see the following:

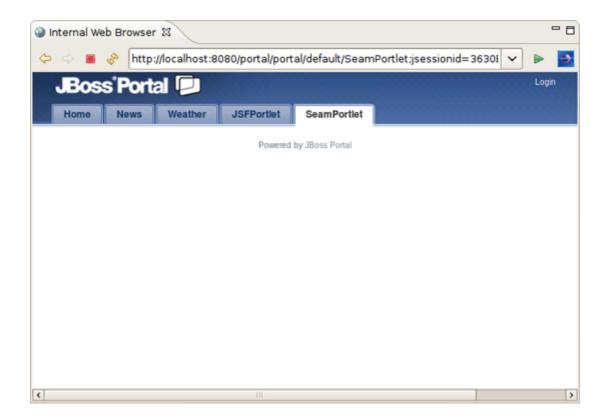


Figure 5.7. Seam Portlet in the Browser

5.2. Adding Seam Portlet to Seam Project

First start a Seam Project by following to *New > Other > Seam Web Project*. On the first wizard page specify JBoss Portal directory location as Target Runtime and *JBoss Seam Portlet Project v2.0* as Configuration.

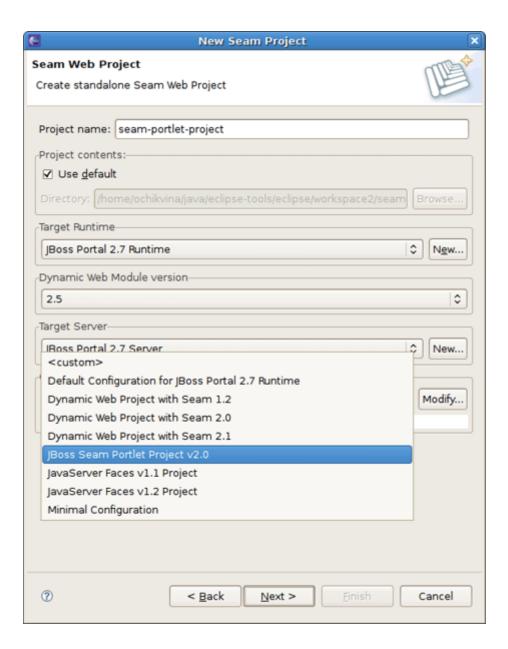


Figure 5.8. Project Facets

Next steps will be the same as we did for the Dynamic Web Project in the <u>Adding Seam Portlet</u> to <u>Dynamic Web Project</u> section.

Adding Portlets to non-WTP Projects

Starting from JBoss Tools 3.0.0.Beta1 version the JBoss Portlet wizards no longer require a WTP project to be able to create Portlets.



Note:

Please note, if the project does not have the proper portlet API jar's, the generated classes will have compile errors.

In conclusion, with this document you've learnt how to get started with JBoss Portal using JBoss Tools suite of Eclipse plugins. The above chapters walked you through the steps on how to organize a web project with portlets which includes a sample staff and deploy it onto the JBoss Portal.

If you still have questions or suggestions you are always welcome on our <u>Forum</u> [http://www.jboss.com/index.html?module=bb&op=viewforum&f=201]. Your feedback will be very much appreciated.