Teiid - Scalable Information Integration

1

Teiid Quick Start Example

7.7



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Preface

1. What is Teiid?

Teiid is runtime for executing queries against a Virtual Database or VDB. Before you can access your data in a federated manner, user can use Teiid Designer or the Dynamic VDB feature to build a VDB. This picture shows the relationship between the tools involved.

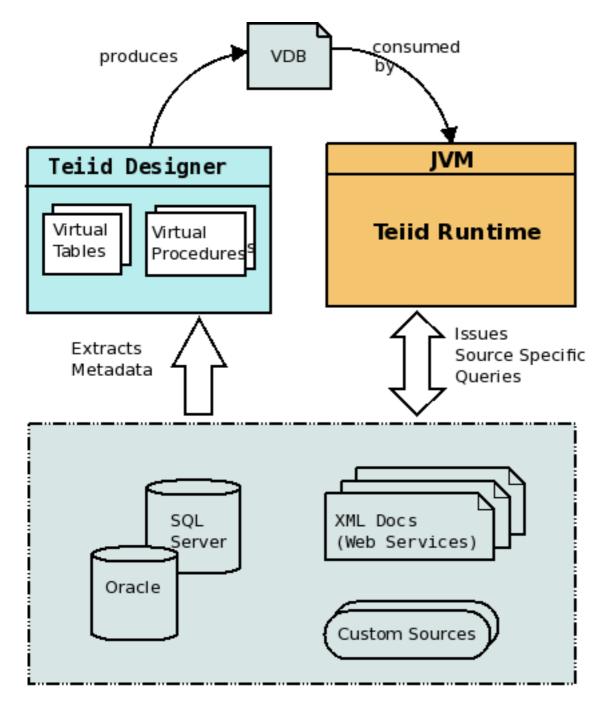


Figure 1. Lifecycle of Events

1.1. What is a Virtual Database?

A Virtual Database (VDB) is an artifact that combines one or more physical data sources to provide for easy data integration. Integration is encapsulated through view and procedures that Teiid will process in an optimized way against their respective sources. The physical sources can be JDBC sources, delimited text files, spreadsheets, or even Web services.

The Teiid Designer tool lets you define physical data sources by importing the required metadata (schema) from these sources. Once the metadata is imported, Designer can assist in building additional view layers. The collection of physical and view models will form a VDB.

2. What is This Guide About?

This guide takes you through an introduction to the concepts important to Teiid, downloading the software, and building and deploying a virtual database in 60 minutes. There is a lot to cover, so let's begin!



Note

Please read *Federation Basics* [http://www.jboss.org/teiid/basics.html] to understand different terminologies used, resources needed, and artifacts to be generated before developing a successful application. This example takes advantage of only a minimal set of features from Teiid for the sake of simplicity and time.

Commercial development support, production support, and training for Teiid is available through JBoss. Teiid is a Professional Open Source project and a critical component of the JBoss Enterprise Data Services Platform.

Download

You need to download the binaries for *Teiid* [http://www.jboss.org/teiid/downloads.html] . Note that there are three different artifacts are available for download.

- 1. Teiid Source contains all of the source code
- 2. Teiid AdminShell contains the admin client
- 3. Teiid Runtime contains the Teiid engine and required 3rd party dependencies

For this Quick Start, download and install *JBoss AS 5.1.0* [http://www.jboss.org/jbossas/downloads.html]. Then download the Teiid runtime and unzip the contents under any of the JBoss AS profiles, such as "default" or "all". The default profile is the typical installation location, for example "<jboss-install>/server/default". The Teiid runtime directory structure matches JBoss profiles directly - it is just an overlay.

In the "<jboss-install>/server/<profile>/lib" directory, you will find "teiid-7.7-client.jar", which is the main client binary jar file for Teiid. This jar file contains the Teiid's JDBC driver and data source driver jar's.



Note

JBoss AS 5.1 requires Java 6 [http://java.sun.com/javase/downloads] to run.

Access to physical data sources such as Oracle, MS-SQL Server, DB2, and Sybase through Teiid relies upon the user supplying their own JDBC drivers in the deployment. Copy the JDBC driver files into "<jboss-install>/server/cprofile>/lib" before you create any data sources.

Portfolio Example Explained

The investor's portfolio example information is stored in a HSQL database and "current" stock prices are stored in a delimited text file. When the VDB is completed, a single query will cause Teiid to access the relational and non-relational sources, calculate the portfolio values, and return the results.

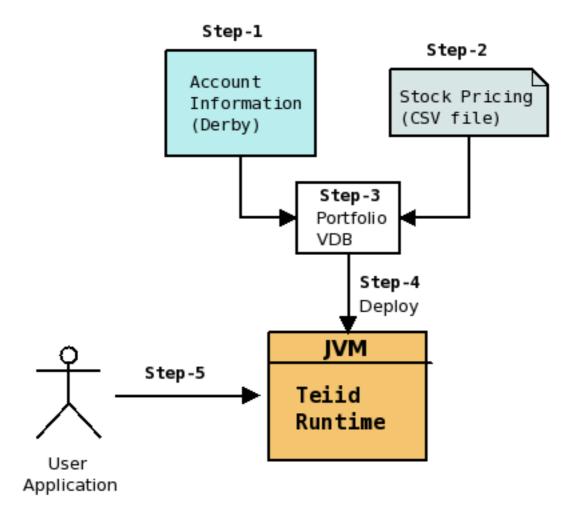


Figure 2.1. Various Steps involved in creating the example

- Step-1: Setup Data Sources / ConnectionFactories
- Step-3: Build a VDB
- Step-4: Deploy the VDB in JBoss AS
- Step-5: Access the VDB using the JDBC API



Note

HSQL database is used here since it is Open Source and comes with JBoss AS and is light-weight. You can substitute any other relational database, as long as you have a suitable JDBC driver. The schema file provided, and described below, is specific to HSQL, but can be easily converted for use with other databases.

Setup Data Sources / Connection Factories

3.1. Install Data Sources / Connection Factories

This examples uses two data sources, a relational database and a text file. An HSQL database is used here since it is Open Source, comes with JBoss AS and is light-weight. This section will describe how to setup the data sources in order to run the example.

We need to create and deploy the required Connection Factories for HSQL database and File sources. Connection Factories are sources that provide the data when their data is integrated through Teiid. If you are familiar with creating data sources or connection factories in JBoss AS, then this is exactly the same operation

Perform the following steps to install and setup the data sources:

- Copy the following files from "teiid-examples/dynamicvdb-portfolio" directory to the "<jboss-install>/server/default/deploy" directory
 - (1) portfolio-ds.xml
 - (2) marketdata-file-ds.xml
- If the server has not been started, start it
- Using a web browser, goto the JMX console (http://localhost:8080/jmx-console/) and select: database-portfolioDB,service=PortfolioService to present the bean options.
- Now click invoke "startDatabaseManager" to bring up HSQL Database Manager
- Use the File/Open Script menu option to load the customer-schema.sql script located in "teiidexamples/dynamicvdb-portfolio"
- Click the Execute SQL button to create the required tables and insert the example data

Make sure you did not have any issues when creating the schema as it is needed for going forward in this example.

3.2. Describe the CSV file and its contents

In order to use a Text file as the source, we need a data file which defines the data in the table

1. Data File: Each data file contains column information for the table. The column information is typically defined on line 1 as header line in the file, and all the following lines contain the actual rows of data. Each single line corresponds to single row. A portion of the sample

file is shown below. The complete sample file is "teiid-examples/dynamicvdb-portfolio/data/marketdata-price.txt".

SYMBOL,PRICE IBM,83.46 RHT,11.84 BA, 44.58 ORCL,17.37

You can use the provide data files or create your own data files.

At this point, both data sources are ready to access.

Building a VDB

A VDB can be built with either the *Designer* [http://www.jboss.org/teiiddesigner.html] tool or through a simple XML file called a dynamic VDB. See the "dyanmicvdb-portolio" for an example dynamic VDB. For this example we will use the dynamic VDB. If you would like to use the Designer to build your VDB, check out the Designer examples. If you need to build any view layers using your source, you must use the Designer based approach to building the VDB. A sample Designer based VDB is available in the "teiid-examples/dynamicvdb-portfolio/PortfolioModel" directory.

4.1. Building Dynamic VDB

This XML file defines a set of sources that can be accessed by the client application. A dynamic VDB does not yet allow for the creation of view layers. Below is the "dynamicvdb-portfolio" example vdb.

portfolio-vdb.xml (copy available in "teiid-examples/dynamicvdb-portfolio" directory)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>
<vdb name="DynamicPortfolio" version="1">
  <description>A Dynamic VDB</description>
  <!--
   Setting to use connector supplied metadata. Can be "true" or "cached".
   "true" will obtain metadata once for every launch of Teiid.
   "cached" will save a file containing the metadata into
   the deploy/<vdb name>/<vdb version/META-INF directory
  connectorMetadata" value="true" />
  <!--
   Each model represents a access to one or more sources.
   The name of the model will be used as a top level schema name
   for all of the metadata imported from the connector.
   NOTE: Multiple model, with different import settings, can be bound to
   the same connector binding and will be treated as the same source at
   runtime.
  <model name="MarketData">
    <!--
```

```
Each source represents a translator and data source. There are
       pre-defined translators, or you can create one. ConnectionFactories
       or DataSources in JBoss AS they are typically defined using "xxx-ds.xml" files.
                   <source name="text-connector" translator-name="file"</pre>
                                                                             connection-indi-
name="java:marketdata-file"/>
  </model>
  <model name="Accounts">
     <!--
      JDBC Import settings
      importer.useFullSchemaName directs the importer to drop the source
      schema from the Teiid object name, so that the Teiid fully qualified name
      will be in the form of <model name>.
     coperty name="importer.useFullSchemaName" value="false"/>
     <!--
       This connector is defined in the "portfoio-ds.xml"
                  <source name="hsql-connector" translator-name="hsql"</pre>
                                                                             connection-indi-
name="java:PortfolioDS"/>
  </model>
</vdb>
```

4.2. Dynamic VDB XML Structure

The above vdb XML structure is explained.

- 1. The "vdb" element defines the virtualdatase that has a name of "DynamicPortfolio" with version "1"
- 2. A "model" element represents a schema that being integrated. This sample defines two sources, "MarketData" that represents the schema for the text file that has the stock price information and "Accounts" that represents the "portfolio" schema in the HSQL database.
- 3. The "source" element inside the "model" element defines name of the source (can be any name), and name of the translator (defines the type of the source like oracle, db2, mysql, h2, file, ws etc..) and the "connection-jndi-name" defines the source's JNDI name in the JBoss AS container.

- 4. Also note that inside the "model" elements, some "property" elements are used to define how metadata can be imported from source. For more information check out the Reference Guide's Dynamic VDB section.
- 5. Note that you need to also create the necessary deployment files for the data sources (Connection Factories) too.

VDB Deployment

Having built the VDB or using the example dynamic vdb, it must be deployed into the JBoss AS server so it can be accessed using a Teiid JDBC connection.

This example is using the dynamic vdb and requires that it be deployed into the JBoss AS server. To deploy the vdb, copy the following file into "<jboss-install>/server/default/deploy" directory:

• teiid-examples/dynamicvdb-portfolio/portfolio-vdb.xml

Now, go to the next section to learn how to connect to the VDB.

Connecting to a VDB through JDBC

At this point you have deployed Teiid and your VDB. Now it's time to connect the sample application to this VDB, issue SQL queries, and view the returned, integrated data. Note that this process is no different than connecting to any other JDBC source like Oracle.

6.1. Stand-alone Java Application Deployment

Before you can make a JDBC connection to the Teiid VDB, add the Teiid's driver jar file to your application's classpath

```
${jboss-install}/server/${profile}/lib/teiid-7.7-client.jar
```

For a Java application to connect to a JDBC source, it needs a URL, user-id, and password. To connect to your VDB all you need is a URL and any additional optional properties that you would like to set. Teiid defaults to allowing the "user" as user with password as "user". Additional user accounts can be added. A JDBC connection can be obtained through the Teiid driver "org.teiid.jdbc.TeiidDriver" with the URL syntax of

```
jdbc:teiid:<VDB-Name>@mm(s)://<host name>:<port>
```

You can add optional properties at the end of the URL using a semi-colon(;) name=value format. For example

```
jdbc:teiid:<VDB-Name>@mm(s)://<host name>:<port>;autoCommitTxn=DETECT
```

Check out Client Developer's guide for all the optional connection properties in your URL. Here is sample code showing how to make JDBC connection.

```
public void execute() throws SQLException {
   String url = "jdbc:teiid:Portfolio@mm://localhost:31000";
   String sql = "select firstname, lastname from customer";

Class.forName("org.teiid.jdbc.TeiidDriver");

Connection connection;
try{
   connection = DriverManager.getConnection(url, "user", "user");
   Statement statement = connection.createStatement();
   ResultSet results = statement.executeQuery(sql);
   while(results.next()) {
        System.out.println(results.getString(1));
        System.out.println(results.getString(2));
   }
}
```

```
results.close();
statement.close();
} catch (SQLException e){
e.printStackTrace();
throw e;
} finally {
try{
connection.close();
} catch(SQLException e1){
// ignore
}
}
```

You can also use <code>org.teiid.jdbc.TeiidDataSource</code> to make connection in your Java application. For example, you can use following code fragment to make a connection to the VDB and issuing the query exactly same as in the above example

```
TeiidDataSource ds = new TeiidDataSource();
ds.setDatabaseName("Portfolio");
ds.setUser("user");
ds.setPassword("user");

Connection connection = ds.getConnection();
...
```

TeiidDataSource source also provides an option to set optional parameters using the "set" methods on the data source look. For all the allowable data source properties check out Client Developer's Guide.

6.2. Testing Your Teiid Deployment

The Teiid installation includes a simple Java class which demonstrates JDBC access of the deployed VDB. To execute this demonstration, follow these steps:

- 1. Change to the \${jboss-install}/server/profile/teiid-examples/simpleclient directory
- 2. Execute the run script (either for Linux or Windows)

Depending on the VDB you deployed, see the relevant README file for example queries. If you are using a graphical client, such as *SQuirreL* [http://www.squirrelsql.org/], have a look at the metadata tree to see not only what is exposed by your VDB, but also the SYS schema tables.

If your application is Web based, you can create data source for your VDB using the above and treat it as any other JDBC source using <code>org.teiid.jdbc.TeiidDataSource</code> and assigning it a JNDI name. Refer to Client Developer's Guide deployment for more information on creating a DataSource.



Note

"embedded" mode is only available in versions of Teiid up to 6.2