

JSF Tools Tutorial

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Introduction

The following chapters describe how to deal with classic/old style of JSF development. We recommend users to use [JBoss Seam](#) to simplify development, but until then you can read about classical JSF usage [here](#).

Thus, in this document we are going to show you how to create a simple [JSF application](#) using [JBoss Tools](#) plugins for Eclipse. The completed application will ask a user to enter a name and click a button. The resulting new page will display the familiar message, "Hello <name>!" This tutorial will show you how to create and run such an application from the beginning along the way demonstrating some of the powerful features of [JBoss Tools](#).

1.1. Other relevant resources on the topic

All JBoss Developer Studio/JBoss Tools documentation you can find [here](#).

The latest documentation builds are available [here](#).

Creating a Simple JSF Application

Firstly, we assume that you have already launched Eclipse with [JBoss Tools](#) plug-ins installed and also that the [Web Development perspective](#) is the current one. (If not, make it active by selecting [Window > Open Perspective > Web Development](#) from the menu bar or by selecting [Window > Open Perspective > Other...](#) from the menu bar and then selecting [Web Development](#) from the Select Perspective dialog box.)

2.1. Setting Up the Project

Now we are going to create a new project for the application.

- For that go to the menu bar and select [File > New > Project...](#)
- Select [JBoss Tools Web > JSF > JSF Project](#) in the New Project dialog box
- Click [Next](#)
- Enter "jsfHello" as the project name.
- Leave everything else as is, and click [Finish](#)

2.2. JSF Configuration File

A jsfHello node should appear in the upper-left Package Explorer view.

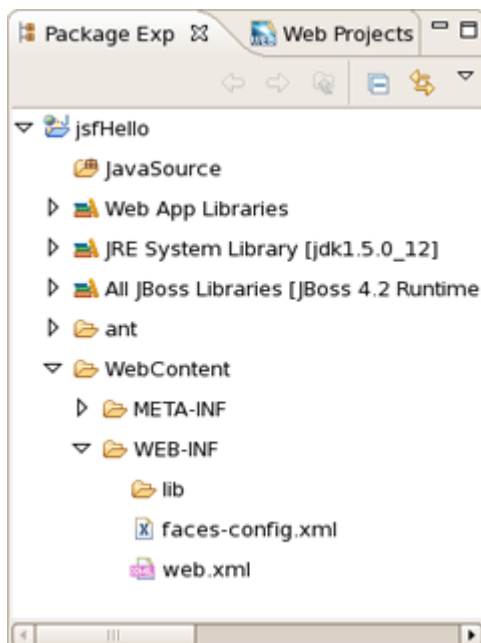


Figure 2.1. Package Explorer View

- Click the plus sign next to *jsfHello* to reveal the child nodes
- Click the plus sign next to *WebContent* under jsfHello
- Click the plus sign next to *WEB-INF* under WebContent
- Then double-click on the *faces-config.xml* node to display the JSF application configuration file editor

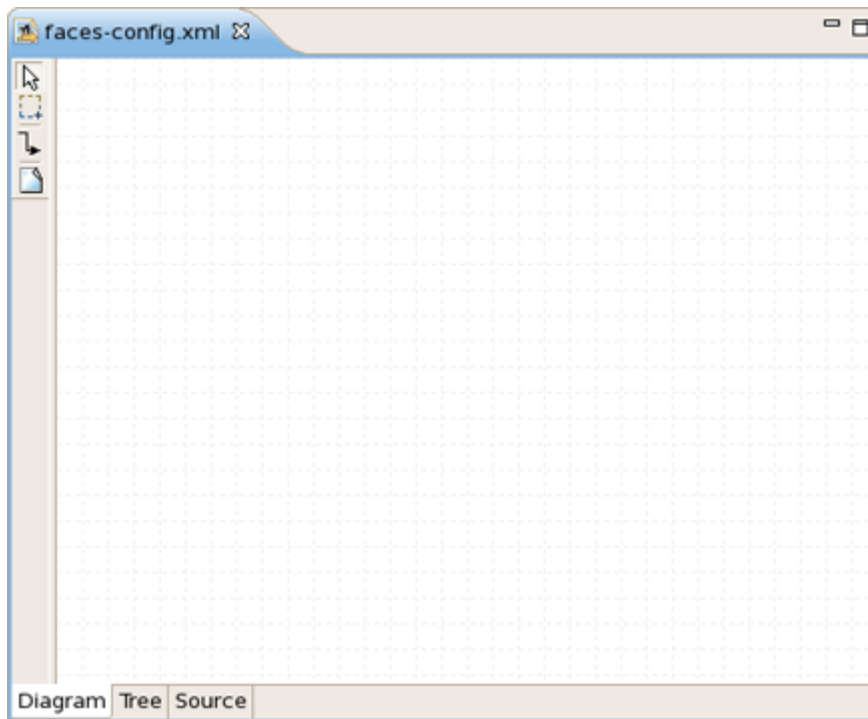


Figure 2.2. Configuration File Editor

Adding Navigation to the Application

In our simple application, the flow is defined as a single navigation rule connecting two views (presentation files). At this point, we will create the placeholders for the two JSP presentation files and then the navigation rule to connect them as views. Later, we will complete the coding for the JSP presentation files. We can do all of this in the Diagram mode of the configuration file editor.

3.1. Adding Two Views (JSP Pages)

- Right-click anywhere on the diagram and select *New View...* from the pop-up menu
- In the dialog box, type *pages/inputname* as the value for From-view-id
- Leave everything else as is
- Click *Finish*

If you look in the Package Explorer view you should see a *pages* folder under WebContent. Opening it will reveal the JSP file you just created

- Back on the diagram, right-click anywhere and select *New View...* from the pop-up menu
- In the dialog box, type *pages/greeting* as the value for From-view-id
- Leave everything else as is
- Click *Finish*

3.2. Creating the Transition (Navigation Rule)

- In the diagram, select the connection icon third from the top along the upper left side of the diagram



Figure 3.1. Connection Icon

to get an arrow cursor with a two-pronged plug at the arrow's bottom.

- Click on the *pages/inputname* page icon and then click on the *pages/greeting* page icon

A transition should appear between the two icons.

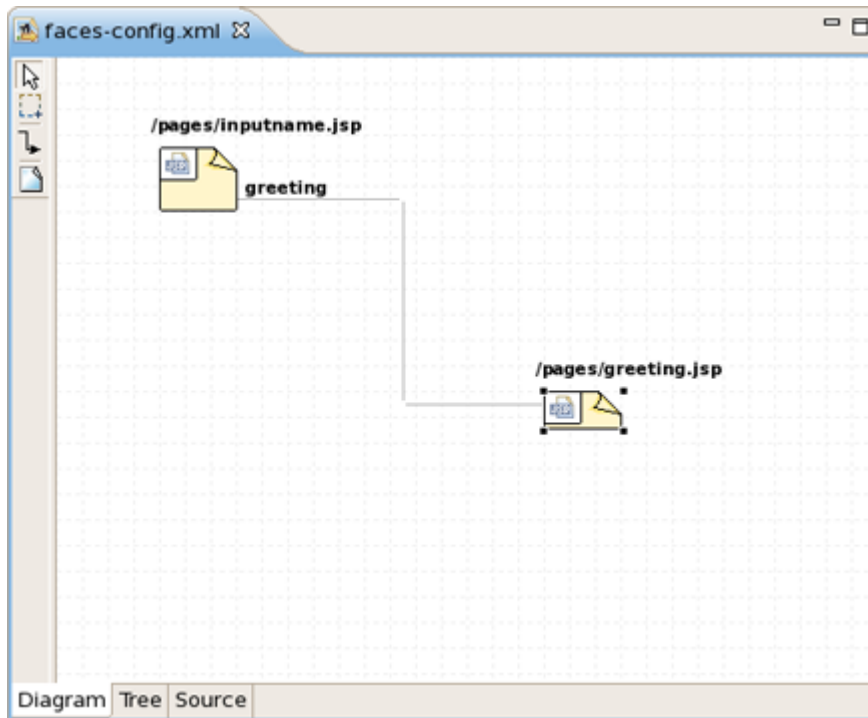


Figure 3.2. Transition Between Two Icons

- Select [File > Save](#) from the menu bar

Adding a Managed Bean to the Application

To store data in the application, we will use a managed bean.

- Click on the [Tree](#) tab at the bottom of the editing window
- Select the [Managed Beans](#) node and then click the [Add...](#) button displayed along the right side of the editor window
- Type in [jsfHello.PersonBean](#) for Class and [personBean](#) for Name. Leave Scope as is and Generate Source Code as is (checked)
- Click [Finish](#)
- personBean will now be selected and three sections of information: [Managed Bean](#) , [Properties](#) , and [Advanced](#) , will be displayed about it. Under the Properties section, click the [Add...](#) button
- Type in [name](#) for Property-Name. Leave everything else as is. (When Property- Class is not filled in, String is the assumed type)
- Click [Finish](#)
- Select the [personBean](#) node in the tree

You should see this now:

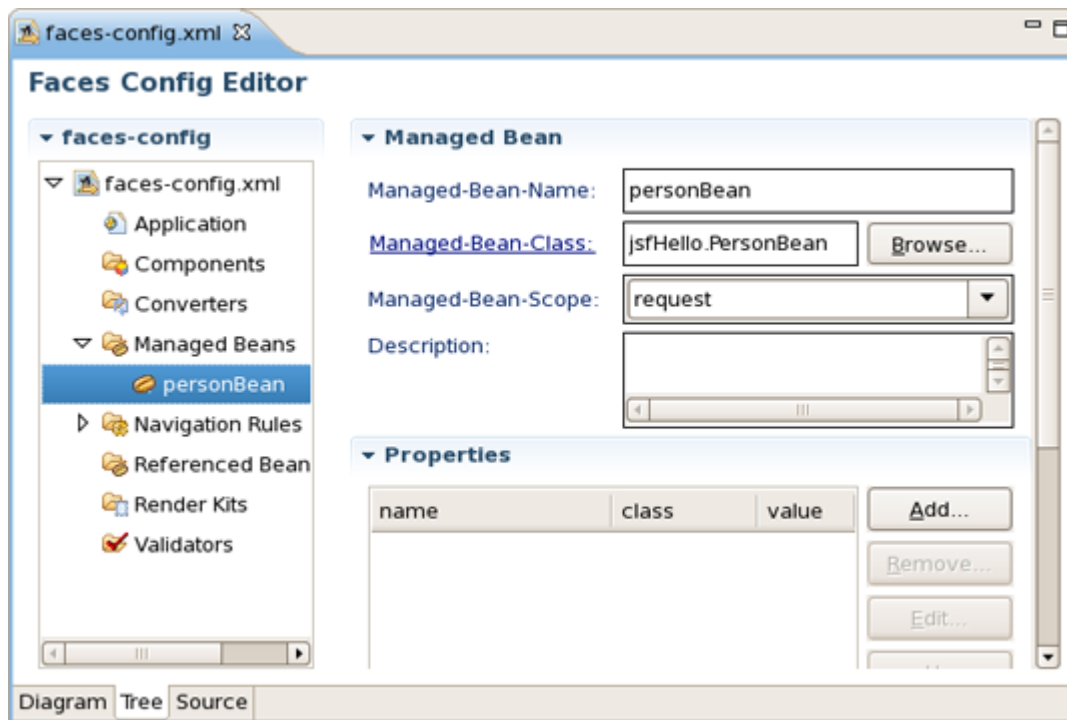


Figure 4.1. Tree View in Config Editor

- Select [File > Save](#) from the menu bar

You have now registered the [managed bean](#) and created a [stub-coded class](#) file for it.

Editing the JSP View Files

Now we will finish editing the JSP files for our two "views" using JSP Visual Page.

5.1. inputname.jsp

- Click on the [Diagram](#) tab for the configuration file editor
- Open the editor for this first JSP file by double-clicking on the [/pages/inputname.jsp](#) icon

The Visual Page Editor will open in a screen split between source code along the top and a WYSIWIG view along the bottom:

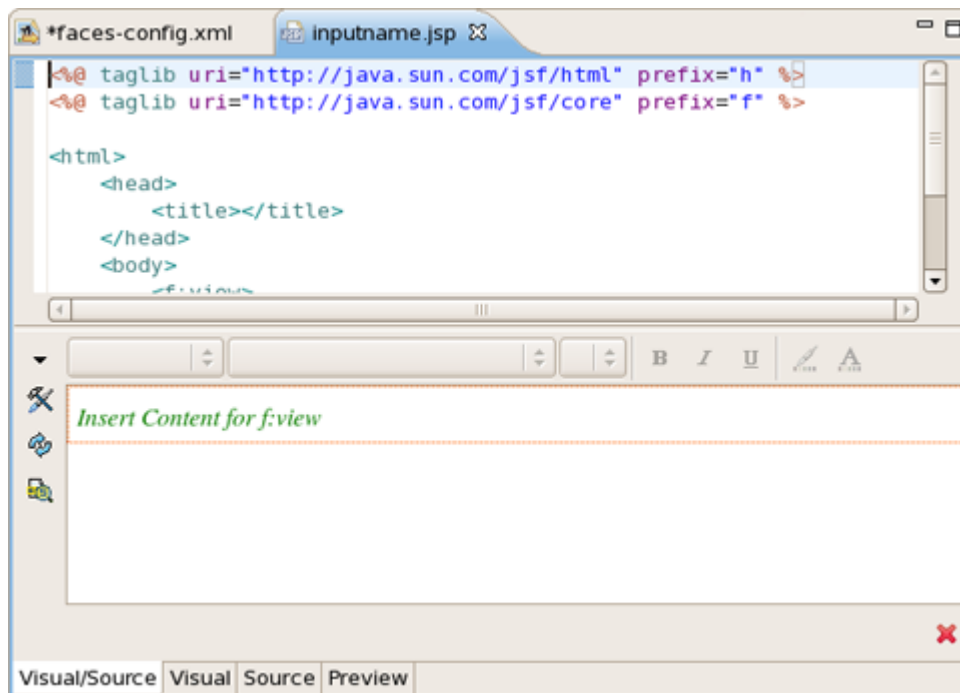


Figure 5.1. Visual Page Editor

Some JSF code is already in the file, because we have chosen a template to create a page.

- Select the [Visual](#) tab, so we can work with the editor completely in its WYSIWYG mode
- To the right of the editor, in the JBoss Tools Palette, expand the [JSF HTML](#) palette folder by selecting it

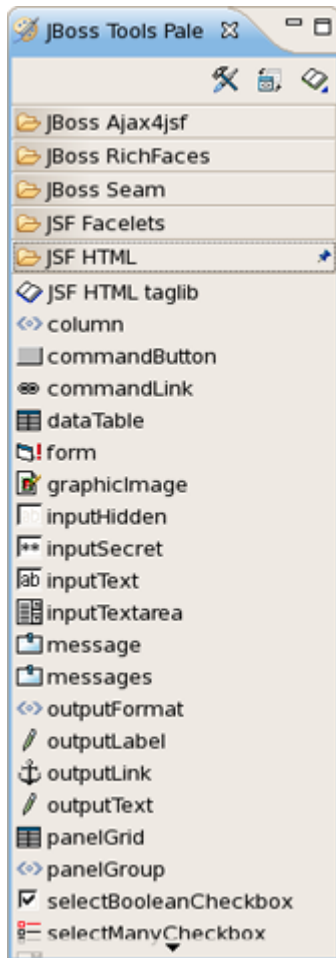


Figure 5.2. JBoss Tools Palette

- Click on `form` within this folder, drag the cursor over to the editor, and drop it inside the red box in the editor
- Another red box will appear inside the first red box
- Right-click on the innermost box and select `<h:form>` Attributes from the menu
- In the value field next to id, type `greeting` and click on the `Close` button
- Type "Please enter name:" inside the boxes
- Select `inputText` within the JSF HTML palette folder and drag it into the innermost box in the editor after "Please enter name:"
- In the attributes dialog, click in the `value` field next to the value attribute and click on the `...` button
- Then, select the `Managed Beans > personBean > name` node and click on the `Ok` button
- Back in the attributes dialog, select the `Advanced` tab, type in `name` as the value for the `"id"` attribute, and then click on the `Finish` button

- Select `commandButton` within the JSF HTML palette folder and drag it into the innermost box in the editor after the input box
- In the attributes dialog, click in the value field next to the `"action"` attribute and click on the `...` button
- Then, select the `View Actions > greeting` node and click on the `OK` button
- Back in the attributes dialog box, type in "Say Hello" as the value for the value attribute ("Say Hello") and then click on the `Finish` button

The source coding should be something like this now:

```
<%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html" prefix="h" %>
<%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsf/core" prefix="f" %>
<html>
<head>
<title></title>
</head>
<body>
<f:view>
<h:form id="greeting">
<para>Please enter a name:</para>
<h:inputText id="name" value="#{personBean.name}"/>
<h:commandButton value=" Say Hello " action="greeting"/>
</h:form>
</f:view>
</body>
</html>
```

The editor should look like this:

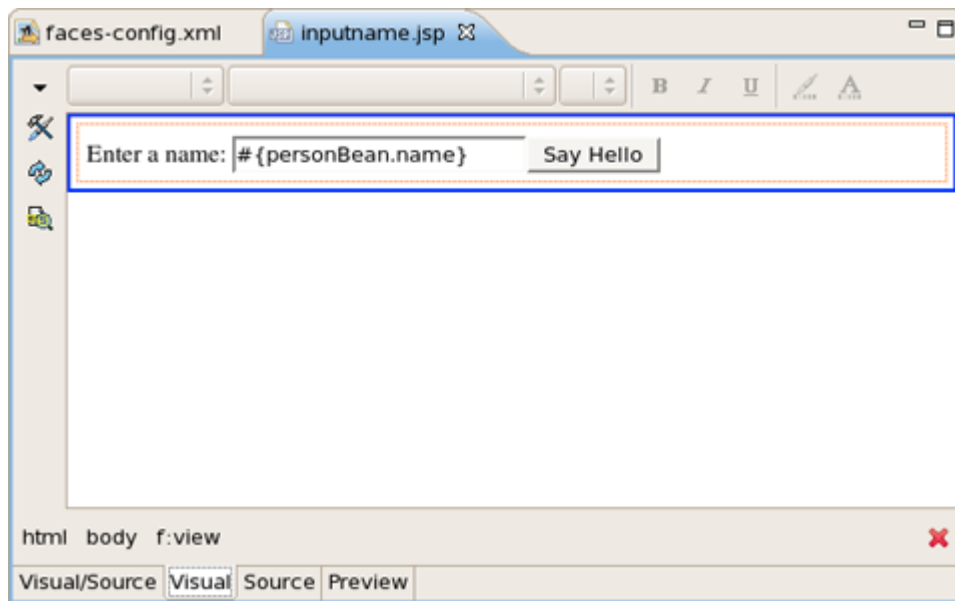


Figure 5.3. Visual Page Editor

- Save the file by selecting *File > Save* from the menu bar

5.2. greeting.jsp

- Click on the *faces-config.xml* tab to bring the diagram back
- Open the editor for the second file by double-clicking on the */pages/greeting.jsp* icon
- Select the *Visual* tab, so we can work with the editor completely in its WYSIWYG mode
- Type "Hello "(note space after Hello) into the box
- Select *outputText* within the JSF HTML palette folder and drag it into the innermost box in the editor after "Hello"
- In the attributes dialog, click in *value* field next to the value attribute and click on the ... (Browse) button
- Then, select the *Managed Beans > personBean > name* node, click on the *Ok* button, and then click on the *Finish* button
- Right after the output field, type an *exclamation point* (!)

The source coding should be something like this now:

```
<%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html" prefix="h" %>
<%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsf/core" prefix="f" %>
```

```
<html>
<head>
<title></title>
</head>
<body>
<f:view>
Hello <h:outputText value="#{personBean.name}"/>!
</f:view>
</body>
</html>
```

- Save the file

Creating the Start Page

You also need to create a start page as an entry point into the application.

- In the Package Explorer view to the left, right-click `jsfHello > WebContent` and select `New > JSP File`
- For Name type in `index` , for Template select `JSPRedirect` and click `Finish`

A JSP editor will open up on the newly created file.

- In the Source part of the split screen, type `/pages/inputname.jsf` in between the quotes for the page attribute

The source coding should look like this now:

```
<!doctype html public "-//w3c//dtd html 4.0 transitional//en">
<html>
<head></head>
<body>
<jsp:forward page="/pages/inputname.jsf" />
</body>
</html>
```

Note the `.jsf` extension for the file name. This is a mapping defined in the web.xml file for the project for invoking `JavaServer Faces` when you run the application.

- Select `File > Save` from the menu bar

Running the Application

Everything is now ready for running our application by using the JBoss engine. For controlling JBoss server there is JBoss Server view:



Figure 7.1. JBoss Server View

- Start up JBoss by clicking on the icon in JBoss Server view. (If JBoss is already running, stop it by clicking on the red icon and then start it again. Remember, the JSF run-time requires restarting the servlet engine when any changes have been made.) After the messages in the Console tabbed view stop scrolling, JBoss is available
- Click the Run icon or right click your project folder and select *Run As > Run on Server* :



Figure 7.2. Run Icon

This is the equivalent of launching the browser and typing <http://localhost:8080/jsfHello> into your browser. Our [JSF application](#) should now appear.

Other Relevant Resources on the topic

JSF on Sun: [*JavaServer Faces Technology*](#)

Core JSF: [*Core JavaServer Faces*](#)

API: [*JSF API*](#)

JSF Tags: [*JSF Core Tags*](#)

HTML Tags Reference: [*JSF HTML Tags Reference*](#)

JSF Central: [*JSF Central - Your JavaServer Faces Community*](#)

FAQ: [*JSF FAQ*](#)

Download: [*JavaServer Faces Technology - Download*](#)

In summary, with this tutorial you should now know how to organize JSF sample application using the wizards provided by [JBoss Tools](#), configure its stuff and finally run it on the [JBoss Server](#).

Find out more features on JSF tooling in our [*JSF Tools Reference Guide*](#). If you have questions and suggestions, please refer to [*JBoss Tools Forum*](#).
