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JBossWS Runtime Overview

JBossWS is a web service framework developed as a part of the JBoss Application Server. It implements the JAX-WS specification that defines a programming model and run-time architecture for implementing web services in Java, targeted at the Java Platform, Enterprise Edition 5 (Java EE 5).
Creating a Web Service using JBossWS runtime

In this chapter we provide you with the necessary steps to create a Web Service using JBossWS runtime.

2.1. Creating a Dynamic Web project

Before creating a web service, you should have a Dynamic Web Project created:

Figure 2.1. Dynamic Web Project

Create a Web project by selecting New > Project… > Dynamic Web project. Enter the following information:

• Project Name: enter a project name

• Target runtime: any server depending on your installation. If it is not listed, click New and browse to the location where it is installed to. You may set Target Runtime to None, in this case, you should add JBoss Web Service facet to the project.
Figure 2.2. Dynamic Web Project Wizard

- Configure Web Module values:
Configure JBoss Web Service facet settings

Figure 2.3. Web Module Settings Configuration

Click on the Finish button.

2.2. Configure JBoss Web Service facet settings

If you have already created a new Dynamic Web project, the next step is to add JBoss Web Service facet to the project:
Figure 2.4. Configure JBoss Web Service Facet

Server Supplied JBossWS Runtime: If you have already set a JBoss runtime to the project's target runtime, you may choose Server Supplied JBossWS Runtime and then click Ok to finish the configuration of JBoss Web Service facet.

If the project has no Target Runtime settings, you should check the second radio button and specify a JBossWS runtime from the list. You also can create a new JBossWS runtime, click on the New... button will bring you to another dialog to configure new JBossWS runtime.
2.3. Creating a Web Service from a WSDL document using JBossWS runtime

In this chapter we provide you with the necessary steps to create a Web Service from a WSDL document using JBossWS runtime.

At first, please make sure that you have already created a dynamic Web project with JBoss Web Service facet installed.

See how to make it [here](#) and [here](#).
To create a Web Service using JBossWS runtime select *File > New > Other > Web Services > Web Service* to run Web Service creation wizard.

Let's get through the wizard step-by-step:
Creating a Web Service from a WSDL document using JBossWS runtime

Figure 2.6. New Web Service Wizard
First, please select Top down Java bean Web Service from the Web Service type list, and select a WSDL document from workspace, click on the Server name link on the page will bring you to another dialog. Here you can specify the server to a JBoss Server and Web Service runtime to JBossWS runtime:

![Select Server and Web Service runtime](image)

Figure 2.7. Select Server and Web Service runtime
Creating a Web Service from a WSDL document using JBossWS runtime

Click on the \textit{Finish} button to see the next wizard view opened:
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Web Services

Select a service implementation or definition and move the sliders to set the level of service and client generation.

Web service type: Top down Java bean Web Service
Service definition: JBossWSProject/HelloWorld.wsdl

Configuration:
Server: JBoss AS 4.2
Web service runtime: JBossWS
Service project: JBossWSProject
Service EAR project: aEAR

Client type: Java Proxy

Configuration: No client generation.

Publish the Web service
Monitor the Web service

Figure 2.8. New Web Service Wizard
Click on the *Next* button to proceed:
Figure 2.9. New Web Service Wizard
On this page, the default package name comes from the namespace of the WSDL document, you also can change it to any valid package name you want. JAX-WS specification should be set to 2.0 if your JBossWS runtime in JBoss Server is JBossWS native runtime. You can specify a catalog file and binding files if you have them. If you want the wizard to generate empty implementation classes for the Web Service, check the 
Generate default Web Service implementation classes check box. If you want to update the default Web.xml file with the Web Service servlets configured, check the Update the default Web.xml check box. Click on the Next or on the Finish button to generate code.

Once the Web Service code is generated, you can view the implementation class and add business logic to each method.
Figure 2.10. The generated implementation Java code
Creating a Web Service from a WSDL document using JBossWS runtime

View the Web.xml file:
Chapter 2. Creating a Web Ser...

Figure 2.11. Web.xml

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
  <display-name>JBossWSProject</display-name>
  <servlet>
    <display-name>Greeter</display-name>
    <servlet-name>Greeter</servlet-name>
    <servlet-class>org.apache.hello_world_soap_http.GreeterImpl</servlet-class>
  </servlet>
  <servlet-mapping>
    <servlet-name>Greeter</servlet-name>
    <url-pattern>/Greeter</url-pattern>
  </servlet-mapping>
  <welcome-file-list>
    <welcome-file>index.html</welcome-file>
    <welcome-file>index.htm</welcome-file>
    <welcome-file>index.jsp</welcome-file>
    <welcome-file>default.html</welcome-file>
    <welcome-file>default.htm</welcome-file>
    <welcome-file>default.jsp</welcome-file>
  </welcome-file-list>
</web-app>
```
2.4. Creating a Web service from a Java bean using JBossWS runtime

The Web Service wizard assists you in creating a new Web service, configuring it for deployment, and then deploying it to the server.

To create a Web service from a bean using JBoss WS:

Setup JBoss WS and development environment.

Create a Dynamic Web project.

Add JBossWS Facet to Web project.

Create a Web Service from a java bean:

- Switch to the Java EE perspective Window > Open Perspective > Java EE.
- In the Project Explorer view, select the bean that you created or imported into the source folder of your Web project.

![Image of creating a new Bean Class]

Figure 2.12. Create a new Bean Class
• Click *File > New > Other*. Select Web Services in order to display various Web service wizards. Select the Web Service wizard. Click on the *Next* button.

![Select a wizard](image)

**Figure 2.13. New Web Service**

• On the first Web Service wizard page: select *Bottom up Java bean Web service* as your Web service type, and select the Java bean from which the service will be created:
Figure 2.14. Set Web Service Common values

- Select the stages of Web service development that you want to complete using the slider:
  
  - Develop: this will develop the WSDL definition and implementation of the Web service. This includes such tasks as creating modules that will contain generated code, WSDL files, deployment descriptors, and Java files when appropriate.
  
  - Assemble: this ensures the project that will host the Web service or client gets associated to an EAR when required by the target application server.
Chapter 2. Creating a Web Ser...

- Deploy: this will create the deployment code for the service.
- Install: this will install and configure the Web module and EARs on the target server.
- Start: this will start the server once the service has been installed on it. The server-config.wsdd file will be generated.
- Test: this will provide various options for testing the service, such as using the Web Service Explorer or sample JSPs.
- Select your server: the default server is displayed. If you want to deploy your service to a different server click the link to specify a different server.
- Select your runtime: ensure the JBoss WS runtime is selected.
- Select the service project: the project selected in your workspace is displayed. To select a different project click on the project link. If you are deploying to JBoss Application Server you will also be asked to select the EAR associated with the project. Ensure that the project selected as the Client Web Project is different from the Service Web Project, or the service will be overwritten by the client's generated artifacts.
- If you want to create a client, select the type of proxy to be generated and repeat the above steps for the client. The better way is to create a web service client project separately.

Click on the Next button.

- On the JBoss Web Service Code Generation Configuration page, set the following values:
Figure 2.15. Set Web Service values for Code Generation

- Generate WSDL file: select it, you will get a generated WSDL file in your project. But this wsdll's services’ address location values are not a real address.

- After the Web service has been created, the following option can become available depending on the options you selected:
  Update the default web.xml file: if selected, you may test the web service by Explorer.

Click on the Next button.
• On this page, the project is deployed to the server. You can start the server and test the web service. If you want to publish the web service to a UDDI registry, you may click the Next button to publish it. If not, you may click the Finish button.

![Figure 2.16. Start a Server](image.png)

Figure 2.16. Start a Server

After the Web Service has been created, the following options may become available depending on the options selected:

• the generated web services code

• If you selected to generate a WSDL file, you will get the file in your project's WebContent > wsdl folder.
Creating a Web service from a Java bean using JBossWS runtime

Figure 2.17. The generated WSDL file

- If you selected to update the default web.xml, you will test the web service in the browser. Open the Explorer, input the url for the web service according to web.xml plus ?wsdl, you will get the WSDL file from Explorer.
Figure 2.18. The Updated web.xml file
Creating a Web Service Client from a WSDL Document using JBoss WS

To create a Web Service Client from a WSDL Document using JBoss WS:

Setup JBoss WS and development environment.

Creating a Dynamic Web project.

Add JBossWS Facet to Web project.

Create a Web Service Client from a WSDL document:

• Switch to the Java EE perspective Window > Open Perspective > Java EE.

• In the Project Explorer view, select the bean that you created or imported into the source folder of your Web project.

• Click File > New > Other. Select Web Services in order to display the various Web service wizards. Select the Web Service Client wizard. Click Next button.

Figure 3.1. New Web Service Client
• The first and second Web Service Client wizard page are same to Web Service from a WSDL document.

Figure 3.2. Set Web Service Common values
Figure 3.3. Set Web Service values about WSDL file

The differences are:

- **Client Type:** Now only support Java Proxy.

Click Finish button.

After the Web Service Client has been created, the following may occur depending on the options you selected:

- the generated web service and client codes
- a client sample class.
Figure 3.4. Client Sample Class

JBoss WS use a Java class to test Web Service. A client sample class will be generated, you may run this client as a java application to call a web service.
JBoss WS and development environment

4.1. JBossWS Preferences

In this section you will know how JBossWS preferences can be modified during the development process.

JBossWS preferences can be set on the JBossWS preference page. Click on Window > Preferences > JBoss Tools > Web > JBossWS Preferences.

On this page you can manage the JBossWS Runtime. Use the appropriate buttons to Add more runtimes or to Remove those that are not needed.
Figure 4.1. JBossWS Preferences Page
Clicking on Add or Edit button will open the form where you can configure a new JbossWS runtime and change the path to JBossWS runtime home folder, modify the name and version of the existing JBossWS runtime settings. Press Finish to apply the changes.
Figure 4.2. Edit JBossWS Runtime
4.2. Default Server and Runtime

Open Window > Preferences > Web Services > Server and Runtime. On this page, you can specify a default server and runtime.

For ease of use, the better way is to set runtime to JBoss WS.

After server and runtime are specified, click on the Apply button to save the values.
Figure 4.3.